

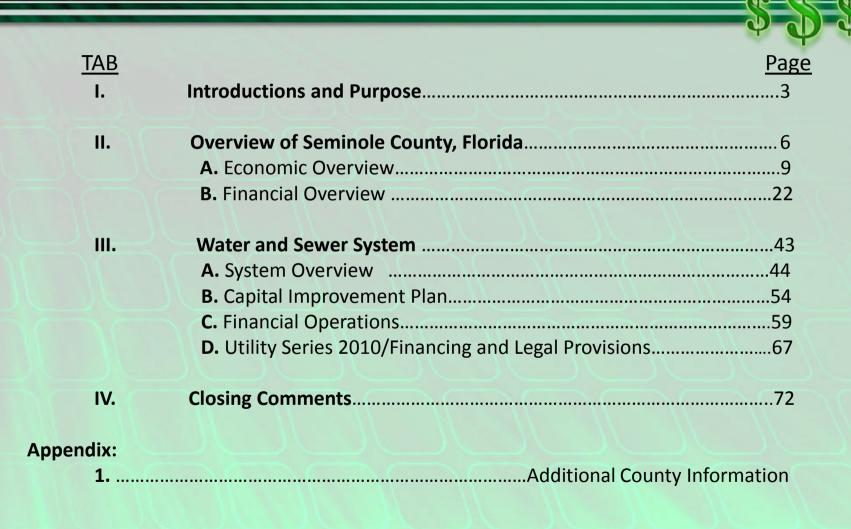


Seminole County, Florida Credit Presentation

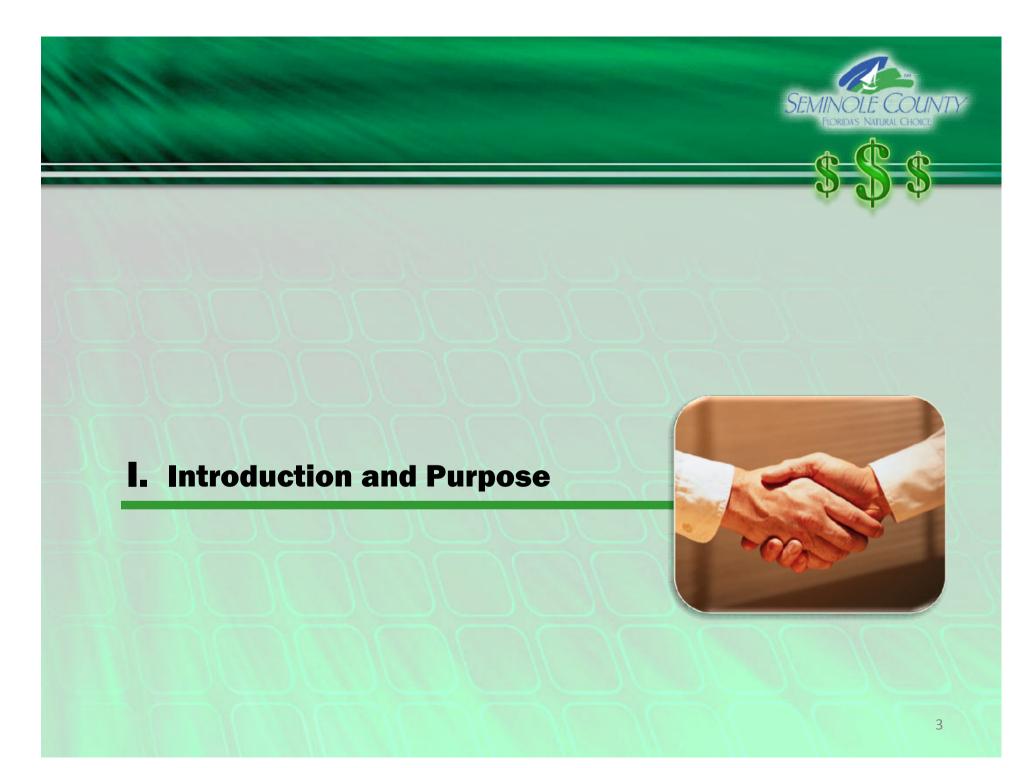


Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

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Introductions



Seminole County, Florida: Issuer
 Bob Dallari, Commissioner - Chairman
 Brenda Carey, Commissioner - Vice Chairman
 Lisa Spriggs, Director of Fiscal Services
 Andrew Neff, Director of Environmental Services
 Robert Briggs, Financial Manager of Environmental Services

- First Southwest Company: Financial Advisor Gary Akers, Senior Vice President
- Citigroup Global Markets: Lead Underwriter
 Michael Baldwin, Director
 George Leung, Director

Purpose for Credit Overview

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- Provide Overview of Countywide Financial Status
- Seeking ratings for Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund
 - February/March issuance of Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010
 - Review Utility System's financial position, Capital Improvement Plan and legal provisions for the Bonds







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Introduction: Strong Fundamentals Support County's Financial Position



- Diversified and stable tax base
- Above average wealth

• Sound Financial Condition

- Favorable record of operations
- Adequate reserves maintained

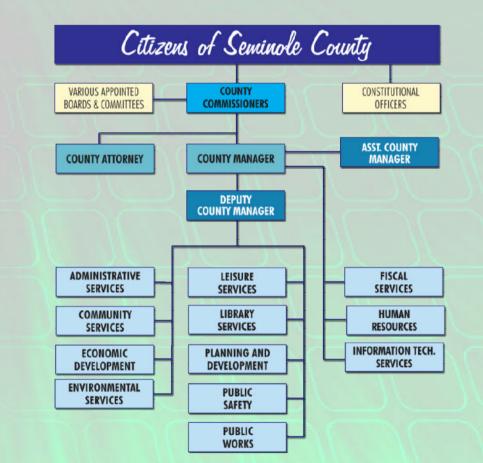
• Conservative Management Practices

- Focus on fiscal sustainability through long-range planning
- Institutionalized financial policies
- Public input in decision making
- Moderate Debt Levels
 - Well structured for rapid retirement
 - Allows flexibility for future debt



Seminole County Government





- * Charter Government
- * Strong Citizen Input
- Strong Elected Official / Management Relations
- Focus on Infrastructure and Essential Community Services
- * Strong Voters Support

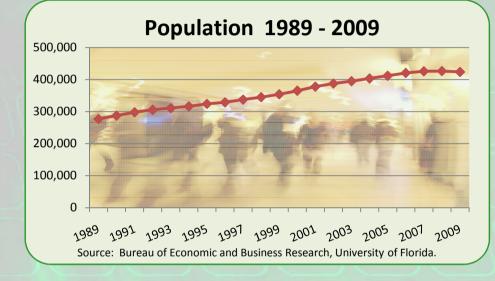
IIA. Economic Overview



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Seminole County's Economy: Population/Age



Age Distribution	
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0 to 17	23%
18 to 24	9%
25 to 44	27%
45 to 64	30%
65+	12%
County Median Age: State of Florida	39.2
Median Age	41.9

 Healthy population and job growth has transformed
 Seminole County from a rural to a diverse community

- 2.1% average annual increase in population over the last 20 years
- Favorable mix of population, development and industry growth
- Good management and planning accommodate financial pressures
- Composition of the County's population is favorable

Seminole County's Economy: Wealth

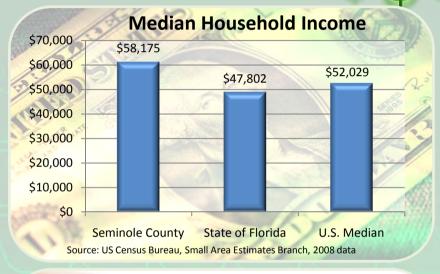


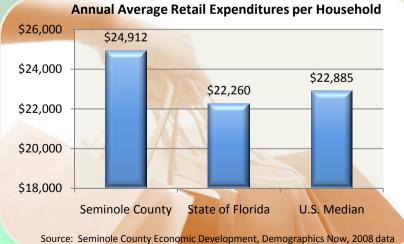
* Median Household Income

- 5th highest among Florida counties
- Consistently in the top 5 over the last 10 years
- 122% of Statewide median
- 112% of U.S. median

* Annual Average Retail Expenditures

- 5th highest among Florida counties
- → 111% of Statewide median
- ➔ 109% of U.S. median





Seminole County's Economy: Employment

County's unemployment rate lowest in the Orlando Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) and lower than the State



Orlando Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) Orange Seminole Osceola Lake Volusia Brevard Statewide U.S. Annual 10.0% 10.7% 11.7% 11.4% 11.2% 10.8% 10.5% 9.3% Average December 10.9% 12.5% 11.8% 13.3% 12.7% 12.1% 11.6% 9.7% 2009

Source: Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics Center, Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

2009 Unemployment Rates

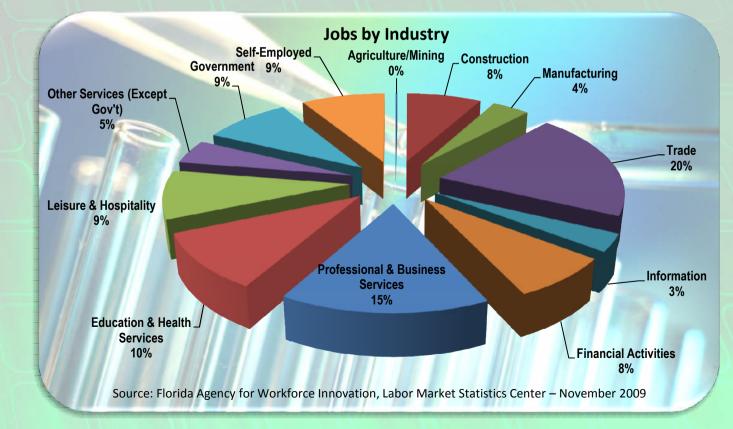
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(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

Seminole County's Economy: Industry



- * The County is a regional employment center with a diversified mix of high-value, high-wage industry sectors
- * No one dominant employer or industry
- * Information, education & health services are projected as fastest growing industries



Seminole County's Economy: Employment * 2008 private sector employment levels remain above 2005, and have experienced only a slight decrease (2.86%) in the last 2 years * Average salary has increased from \$34,976 to \$38,434 over the last 5 years. **Private Sector Employment** 170,000 150.000 130,000 110,000 90,000 70,000 2006 2008 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2007 2009 2nd Qtr Average Employment Source: Agency for Workforce Innovation, Labor Market Statistics, Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages Program (ES-202), in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 14

Seminole County's Economy: Employment



- Seminole County is home to various long-standing and established companies
- In FY 2008/09, Seminole County's Economic Development efforts relocated or expanded existing operations of several businesses to the County
 - → 11 New Businesses/Expansions
 - ➔ 902 Jobs Created
 - ⇒\$22.9 Million Capital Investment
 - → 520,361 Square Footage Leased or Purchased
 - ⇒\$55,416 Average Annual Salary of the new jobs



Seminole County's Economy: Employment

- * Seminole County has consistently created new jobs over the last 5 years
- While job trend has decreased, average salaries of jobs created has increased by 27%

Economic Development: New Jobs and Average Salary



Fiscal Year	# of Projects	Jobs Created	Average Salary	Capital Investment	Square Footage
2008-09	11	902	\$55,416	\$22.9M	520,361
2007-08	11	1,060	\$52,066	\$44.3M	327,353
2006-07	16	1,355	\$35,987	\$54.9M	595,197
2005-06	13	1,060	\$42,640	\$84.2M	532,511
2004-05	14	2,560	\$43,602	\$59.5M	354,115

Seminole County's Economy: Residential





History of Residential Home Sales Price Data

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Single Family Home						
Average Sales Price	\$223,400	\$280,300	\$312,400	\$305,800	\$267,200	\$216,000
% Change		25%	11%	-2%	-13%	-19%
Multi Family Home						
Average Sales Price	\$109,800	\$150,700	\$165,200	\$170,500	\$135,400	\$75 <i>,</i> 500
% Change		37%	10%	3%	-21%	-44%

Note: The average sales price includes qualified and distressed sales.

Source: Seminole County's Property Appraiser

Seminole County's Economy: Distressed Sales





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Year	Filed	Completed
2005	1,376	156
2006	1,590	99
2007	2,831	519
2008	6,850	1,042
2009	8,950	2,675

- Approximately 60% of sales occurring in the Orlando MSA are either short sales or foreclosures
- Despite the increase in Lis Pendens filed, the Orlando MSA inventories are 34% lower than last year
- Seminole County's sales of existing homes are up 28% compared to last year
- 2009 4th quarter days on the market average 96 days, a 18% decrease compared to the beginning of the year
- 60% of homes sold in Seminole County were over \$140,000 compared to 46% in neighboring MSA counties

Source: Orlando Regional Realtor Association

Seminole County's Economy: Public Education

K-12

- **Newsweek** ranked high schools in the top 5% in the nation
- SAT scores continually exceed state and national average
- 91.1% graduation rate
- 95% of schools were rated as A or B schools by the State
- Over 46% of teachers have a doctorate, specialist, or master's degree, exceeding the national average

College

- Seminole State College is the 9th largest of the 28 Public Community Colleges in Florida.
- Seminole State's DirectConnect program with the University of Central Florida provides local access to several university programs



Seminole County's Economy: Airport



Orlando Sanford International Airport (OSIA) compared with other aviation facilities:

- In 2008, OSIA served more than 1.8 million passengers
- Traffic is split 42% international and 58% domestic
- Highest load factors of any U.S. airport for flights to/from Europe
- * Among the top 15 U.S. Ports of Entry for non-resident international arrivals
- **6**th busiest airport in Florida in 2008 based on number of movements
- Airport Commerce Park:
 - → 395 acres
 - → 110 properties
 - ➔ 94% occupancy
 - ➔ More than \$5 million annual revenue



Seminole County's Economy: Commuter Rail

- Seminole County recognizes need to anchor region in global marketplace through ability to move people and goods with 4 stations located in Seminole County
- Commuter Rail enhances a multimodal approach to transportation in Central Florida
- *Additional benefits include:
 - New commercial businesses near County's four stations
 - Enhanced property values near stations
 - New jobs created from construction and new businesses



IIB. Financial Overview



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Financial Overview: Highlights

***** Financial Practices

- Conservative Financial Management Practices
- Long-term Planning Perspective
- Consistent History of Favorable Budgetary Results
- Reserves Maintained at a Consistently High Level

* Tax Burden

- Countywide Tax Rate of 4.90 mills of a Possible 10 mills
- Utility Tax Rate is 4% of a Possible 10%
- Gas Tax Levied at 7 cents of a Possible 12 cents
- Voter Approved Sales Tax and Property Tax

* Debt Burden

- Total Debt Service is Manageable at 5% of Countywide Budget
- Sales Tax Revenue Coverage is 2.7 times Debt Service Requirements
- ✓ Gas Tax Revenue Coverage is 2.8 times Debt Service Requirements
- Non-Self Supporting Revenue Debt is only 4% of General Operating Revenue



Financial Overview: Capital Improvement Funding



- * History of pay-as-you-go funding for general government services
- Penny Infrastructure Sales Tax: Voters approved a penny sales tax in 1991 and again in 2001, financing the majority of the County's transportation needs

Pay-as-You-Go Projects Capital Outlay

Category		Budget				
	FY 05	FY 06	FY 07	FY 08	FY 09	FY 10
Transportation	\$43,427,074	\$55,081,507	\$86,965,399	\$46,605,545	\$40,425,957	\$92,232,939
Fire Fund	2,046,166	3,396,634	4,752,022	3,236,397	3,824,578	9,006,584
General Government	10,930,342	17,215,139	18,430,625	14,407,894	11,245,778	16,455,675
Total	\$56,403,581	\$75,693,280	\$110,148,046	\$64,249,836	\$55,496,312	\$117,695,198
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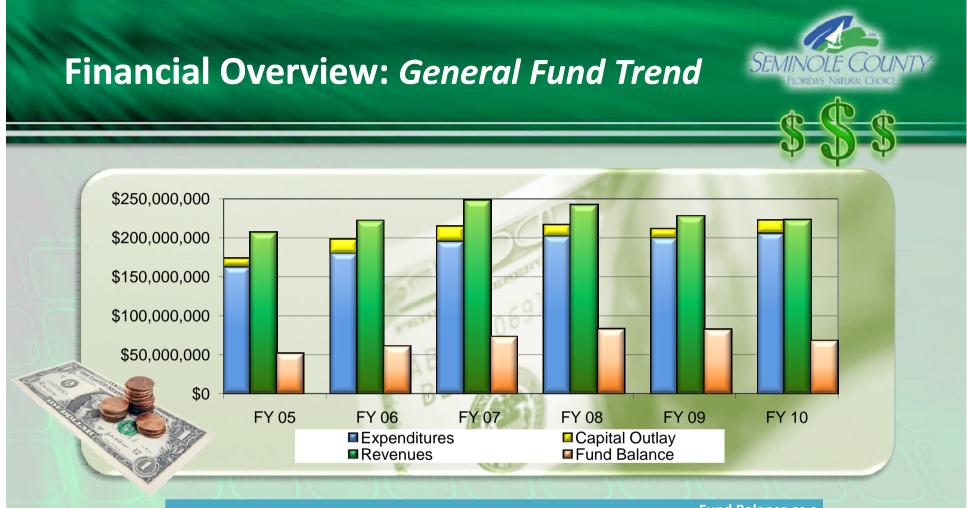
Financial Overview: *Financial Policies*



County Administrative Code Section 22.5 (J)

- Conservative Fund Balance Policy
 - * Established range of 5% to 10% of operating revenues for tax supported funds
 - ***** Surplus fund balance use restricted to:
 - Unforeseen emergencies or unanticipated revenue shortfall
 - Debt reduction or avoidance
 - Tax stabilization
 - Capital replacement
 - One-time capital needs
 - ***** Shortfall restoration mechanisms:
 - Appropriation of at least 20% of minimum level during next annual budget
 - A written plan to restore within a reasonable timeframe





					Fund Balance as a
Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Capital Outlay	Fund Balance	% of Revenue
Actual 2005	\$206,932,586	\$162,939,144	\$10,930,342	\$51,419,296	24.85%
Actual 2006	\$221,599,337	\$180,603,914	\$17,215,139	\$60,237,416	27.18%
Actual 2007	\$247,909,458	\$195,516,817	\$18,430,625	\$72,815,023	29.37%
Actual 2008	\$242,137,369	\$202,102,748	\$14,407,894	\$82,642,687	34.13%
Unaudited 2009	\$227,626,496	\$199,833,019	\$11,245,778	\$82,018,071	36.03%
Budget 2010	\$222,761,535	\$206,107,941	\$16,455,675	\$67,533,983	30.32%

Financial Overview: General Revenue Funds

Proactive Financial Planning

- ***** Expenditure Reductions
 - Service Level Reductions
 - Operational Efficiencies

***** Revenue Stabilization Measures

- Millage Rate
- Water and Sewer Rate
- Tourist Development Tax Rate

***** Economic Stabilization Reserve

- Established to offset tax reform and slowing economy
- \$47.5 million or 21% of General Fund Revenues
- Created in 2007



Long-Term Financial Plan



Financial Overview: General Revenue Funds

Revenue Impact Since FY 06	
Property Taxes*	\$-15.4M
Sales Taxes (State Shared)	-11.5M
Gas Taxes (State Shared and Local)	-1.8M
Other Fees and Sources of General Revenue	-8.1M
Economic Decline (-13% Revenue Impact)	-36.8M
Property Tax Reform* (-12% Revenue Impact)	-33.2M
General Operating Revenue Impact (25%)	\$-70.0M

* Based on final 2009 property tax roll.

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Financial Overview: General Revenue Funds



Summary of Budget Status	
Fiscal Year 2008 & 2009 Expenditure Reductions	\$24.5M
Fiscal Year 2010 Expenditure Reductions	29.4M
Total Net Expenditure Reductions	53.9M
General Operating Revenue Impact	-70.0M
Tax Rate Adjustment/Other Revenue	12.5M
Budgetary Status*	-\$3.6M

*Budgetary basis is conservative with all expenditures at 100%, actual results are anticipated to achieve balance between operational revenues and expenditures.

Financial Overview: Property Tax Rate

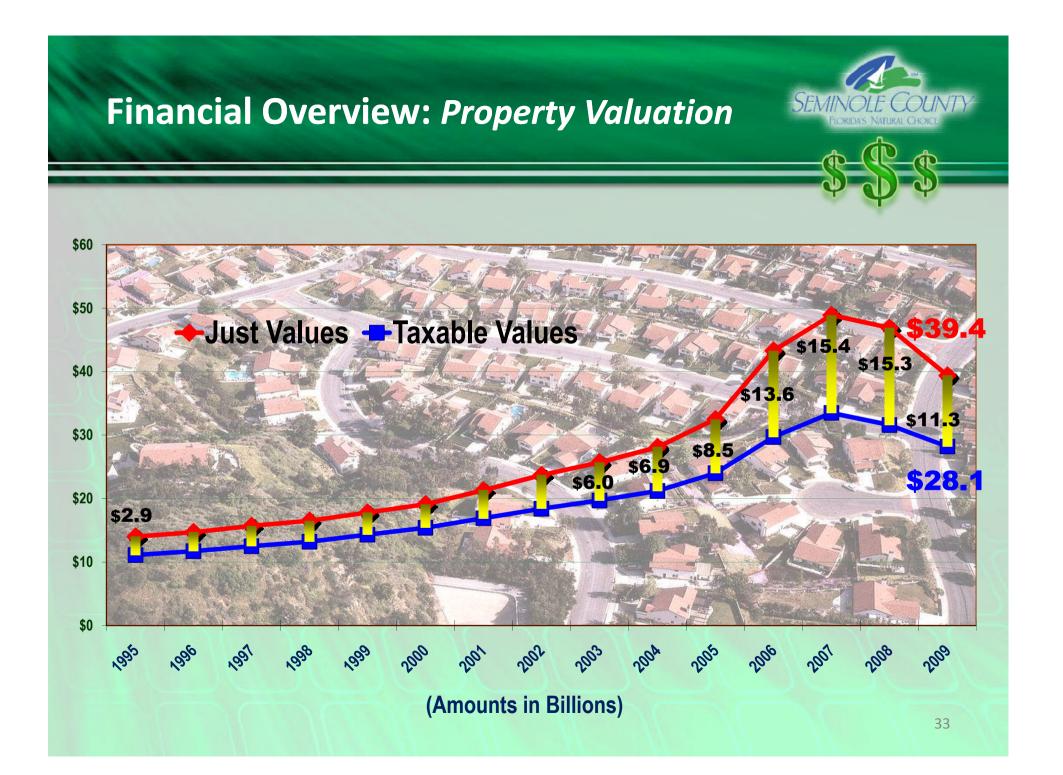
- SEMINOLE COUNTY FIORIDAS NATURAL OKOICE
- Conservative financial management enabled County to maintain its low millage rate
- FY 2007/08: HB1B legislation resulted in a millage reduction of 5% below the rollback rate adjusted for Community Redevelopment Districts and reduced tax revenue by \$20.6M
- FY 2008/09: Amendment 1
 exemptions reduced tax revenue by \$13.0M, Tax rate adjusted retaining \$5.4M
- FY 2009/10: Tax rate was adjusted resulting in \$10.5M
- The average annual tax bill for a single family home is a very modest \$2,631.
 - The Countywide millage portion is \$643

	Proper	ty Tax History		
_	Fiscal Year	Tax Rate		
(2010	4.9000		
	2009	4.5153		
	2008	4.3578		
	2000-2007	4.9989		
	1999	5.1579		
	1995-1998	5.1638		

Financial Overview: *Taxable Valuations* SEM IORIDA'S NATURAL C PERCENT CHANGE OVER PREVIOUS YEAR 30% 23.9% 25% 20% 15% 12.9% 12.8% 10.0% 8.7% 10% 7.7% 7.4% 7.0% 5% 0% 2000 2008 2009 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 -5% -5.6% -10% -11.1% -15% Property 4.9989 4.9989 4.9989 4.9989 4.9989 4.9989 4.3578 4.5153 4.9000 4.9989 Tax Rate

Financial Overview: Taxable Valuations





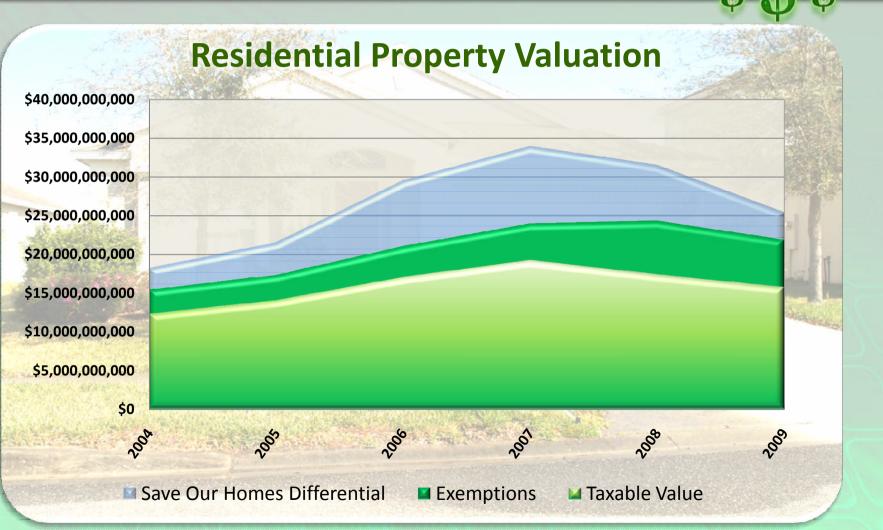
Financial Overview: Single Family Residential



Tax Year	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008 (Amendment 1)	2009 (Market)
"SAVE OUR HOMES" DIFFERENTIAL	\$2.8B	\$4.1B	\$8.4B	\$9.9B	\$7.2B	\$3.4B
HOMESTEAD EXEMPTIONS	\$2.6B	\$2.6B	\$2.6B	\$2.8B	\$5.1B	\$5.0B
"SAVE OUR HOMES" TAX VALUE	\$14.0M	\$20.8M	\$42.2M	\$43.3M	\$32.4M	\$16.7M

Save Our Homes differential offsets up to a 9% change in market value.

Financial Overview: Residential Property



Financial Overview: Single Family Residential



Average Home Values	<u>Just</u>	Taxable
2004	\$159,468	\$112,332
2005	\$183,526	\$125,566
2006	\$241,075	\$148,438
2007	\$268,672	\$163,938
2008	\$245,664	\$146,202*
2009	\$199,744	\$131,253
Change from		
2008 to 2009	-18.7%	-10.2%

* Amendment 1 – additional 25K homestead exemption

Financial Overview: Taxable Value Projections

Taxable Value Change EDR - County EDR - State SCPA 8% 6% 4% 2% 0% -2% -4% -6% -8% -10% 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014

The State's Office of Economic & Demographic Research (EDR) does taxable value projections. EDR projects that Seminole County's taxable value will not decline in 2010 like the rest of the state (State -10%; Seminole < -1%). The Seminole County Property Appraiser (SCPA) has projected a decline of 10%, therefore Seminole County's revenue estimates are conservative.

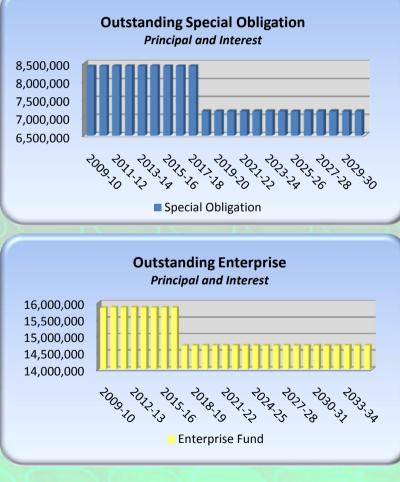
Financial Overview: Debt Profile



- Debt levels are modest and affordable
- Limited GO and Special Obligation debt per capita is \$285
- Special Obligation debt is 4% of general operating revenues

Security	Outstanding Principal
Limited General Obligation	\$16,270,000
Special Obligation	\$104,725,000
Enterprise Fund	\$223,205,000





Financial Overview: Trend in Limited General Obligation Revenues

- * A millage rate of 0.25 was approved by the voters
- * If fully levied, debt service coverage is 1.9X maximum annual debt service
- Millage rate of 0.1451 is currently levied
- No additional debt issuance planned

Fiscal Year	Debt Service	Millage Rate	*Revenue Generated	Reserves
				\$1,635,207
2009-10	\$4,422,935	0.14510	\$3,950,686	\$1,162,958
2010-11	\$4,426,514	0.16822	\$4,122,144	\$858,588
2011-12	\$4,424,344	0.16822	\$3,998,488	\$432,732
2012-13	\$4,431,219	0.16822	\$3,998,488	\$0

Financial Overview: Trend in State Shared Sales Tax Revenues



- Debt service coverage based on 2009 collections is 2.7X maximum annual debt service
- * No additional debt issuance planned

		$-H \rightarrow H - H$		
1	Fiscal Year	Actual Revenue	Percent Change	
	2008-09	\$19,458,951	-14.6%	
	2007-08	\$22,787,521	-8.4%	
	2006-07	\$24,879,717	-8.4%	
	2005-06	\$27,152,816	6.1%	
	2004-05	\$25,599,807	13.6%	
	2003-04	\$22,531,320	5.1%	
	2002-03	\$21,447,466	3.2%	
	2001-02	\$20,782,899	7.8%	
	2000-01	\$19,271,379	-0.4%	
	1999-00	\$19,339,935	5.7%	

This table represents actual Half-Cent Sales Tax Revenues for fiscal years 1999-00 through 2008-09.

Financial Overview: Trend in Gas Tax Revenues



 Debt service coverage based on 2009 constitutional gas tax collections is 2.8X maximum annual debt service

* No additional debt issuance planned

County Fiscal Actual Re		evenue	Overall Percent				
Year	Constitutional	All Others	Change				
2008-09	\$3,587,296	\$10,988,503	-3.83%				
2007-08	\$3,646,293	\$11,510,413	-2.44%				
2006-07	\$3,819,742	\$11,716,196	-0.90%				
2005-06	\$3,776,538	\$11,900,937	-0.54%				
2004-05	\$3,734,202	\$12,027,789	8.07%				
2003-04	\$3,503,462	\$11,081,605	9.41%				
2002-03	02-03 \$3,082,062 \$10,248,040		3.09%				
2001-02	\$2,972,298	\$9,958,816	2.42%				
2000-01	\$3,189,423	\$9,436,557	1.35%				
1999-00	\$3,052,675	\$9,404,938	3.10%				
10-Year Average	10-Year Average 1.97%						

This table represents actual Constitutional, Local Option, County and Voted 9th Cent Gas Tax revenues for fiscal years 1999-00 through 2008-09.

Financial Overview: Trend in Solid Waste Revenues





- Debt service coverage based on 2009 collections is 3.0X maximum annual debt service
- * No additional debt issuance planned

Fiscal Year	Debt Service	Net Revenues	Debt Service Coverage
*2008-09	\$1,139	\$4,456	3.91
2007-08	\$1,144	\$4,990	4.36
2006-07	\$1,138	\$3,436	3.02
2005-06	\$1,138	\$6,062	5.33
2004-05	\$1,144	\$9,428	8.24
2003-04	\$1,386	\$5,556	4.01
2002-03	\$1,832	\$5,939	3.24
2001-02	\$1,837	\$6,172	3.36
2000-01	\$1,833	\$6,313	3.44
1999-00	\$1,893	\$5,042	2.66

(amounts expressed in thousands)

*2008-09 net revenues are unaudited.

III. Seminole County Water & Sewer System



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IIIA. Water & Sewer System Overview



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System Overview and Governance

Utility System

- County operates both water and sewer treatment systems
- * Improvements to existing water & sewer treatment systems are underway
- County owned and operated facilities are further enhanced by agreements with municipal and private utility providers through interconnects
- * Fee structure for water and sewer is competitive
- The County's water supply plan is to develop an alternate source of potable water supply
- Interconnect agreements exist with Orange County, Utilities, Inc. and the cities of Altamonte Springs, Casselberry, Lake Mary, Longwood, Oviedo and Sanford in the County

System Governance

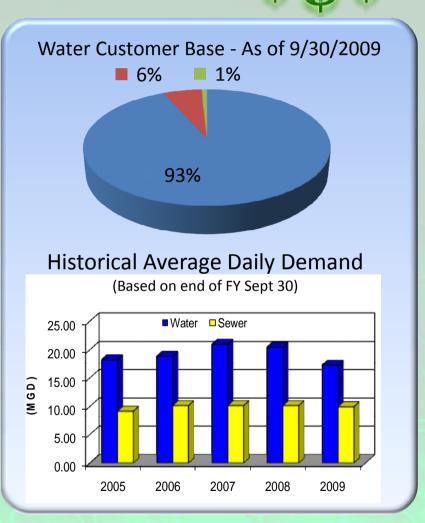
- Governed by Seminole County, Florida and administered by the Environmental Services Department
- Rate increases are approved by a majority vote of the Board of County Commissioners



System Overview: Utility Service Area



- The system is divided into four geographical service areas: Southeast, Southwest, Northeast and Northwest.
- The System serves an aggregate geographic area of approximately 160 square miles (roughly 46% of the county's land area).
- A significant portion of the Water System's customer base is residential; providing for a diverse customer base of 40,620 residential (93%), 2,550 business (5.9%) and 345 other (1.2%) for a total of 43,515 customers.
- The County's wastewater system serves approximately 31,316 customers of which 93% are residential and 7% are commercial.
- On average, the County experienced 12.3% annual System growth from 1979-2004.
 Present trend estimates are 1-2.5% through the 2015 planning horizon.



System Overview: Regulation



- Water is regulated by St. John's River Water Management District (SJRWMD), which issues consumptive use permits (CUP).
 - 20-year CUP (23.71 MGD) issued in 2009 for groundwater consolidating service areas
 - 20-year CUP (5.5 MGD) issued in 2009 for surface water withdrawals (St. John's River)*
- Wastewater is regulated by Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) by discharge permit
 - All County water and wastewater facilities are operating under current valid permits
- County is in a regional Water Caution Use Area based on SJRWMD concerns for future groundwater withdrawals
 - County plans are to locate future wells to avoid any potential negative impacts (i.e., drawdown of the groundwater table, wetlands or lakes)
 - Construction is underway on an alternative Surface Water Facility on the St. Johns River at the Yankee Lake WRF site to initially provide augmentation water for the reclaimed water system reducing irrigation demands of potable water through expansion of the reclaimed water program.

*Administrative Law Judge approved permit, SJWMD issued permit, under appeal



System Overview: Current and Permitted Flows



Water Treatment Facilites Current and Permitted Flows					
Water Treatment Facilites	Current ADF Flows (mgd)	Current Permitted Capacity (mgd)			
Consolidated CUP	16.541	22.065 (23.71 in 2029)			
PWS Wholesale	0.485	0.998			
Individual CUPs	0.860	1.165			
Surface water CUP	0.000	0.7 (5.5 in 2029)			
Total	17.886	24.928			

Wastewater Treatment Facilites Current and Permitted Flows					
Wastewater Treatment Facilites	Current ADF Flows (mgd)	Current Permitted Capacity (mgd)			
Yankee Lake Greenwood Lakes	2.167 1.934	3.500 3.500			
County-Owned Plants Other Plants	4.101	7.000			
City of Altamonte Springs Orlando (Iron Bridge WPCF) City of Sanford Utilities, Inc.	0.415 5.081 0.079 0.000	0.500 8.506 0.424 0.150			
Total	9.676	16.580			

System Overview: Water Treatment

Infrastructure

Treatment Facilities

- 41 deep wells with aggregate water pumping capacity rated at 80.2 mgd feeding 15 water treatment plants dispersed throughout the County
- Well pumping, cascade aeration, disinfection and storage

Source

- Current source of all potable water is groundwater from the Upper Floridan
- Future source of water is surface water from St. John's River



Distribution

- 24 ground storage tanks with an average age of 15 years and capacity of 14 MG are in good to excellent condition
- 541 miles of water mains, which average 20 years of age and in good to excellent condition

System Overview: Water Treatment Facilities



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System Overview: Wastewater

Treatment Infrastructure

Treatment Facilities

- Two wastewater plants with 7.0 mgd total permitted capacity
- * Wholesale capacity purchase agreements
 - Average term of 25 years
 - Additional reserved capacity through inter governmental agreements of 9.58 mgd
 - All agreements in force and facilities are maintained and operating efficiently



Collection

- Over 290 wastewater pumping stations which are serviced regularly and continuously monitored and controlled
- * 419 miles of gravity and force main sewers are in good to excellent condition

System Overview: Sewer Treatment Infrastructure



Effluent Disposal/Reuse

- County produces highly treated wastewater to public access standards and sells to commercial and residential customers
- Rapid Infiltration Basins maintained for non public access reuse
- Wetland permit for wet weather discharge of reclaim/reuse water



June 2000, the County entered into agreements to provide 4.8 mgd of reclaimed water to the University of Central Florida and the City of Oviedo

System Overview: Sewer Treatment Facilities





IIIB. Capital Improvement Plan



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CIP Program Update: Progress Since Oct 06

***** 110 Projects Completed

- Yankee Lake Water Reclamation Facility (WRF) Upgrade Ph 1
- Residential Reclaimed Retrofit Ph 1

***** 9 Projects Under Construction

- Yankee Lake Surface Water Treatment Plant
- Greenwood Lakes Wastewater Treatment Facility Upgrade
- Residential Reclaimed Retrofit Ph 2
- *** 17 Projects Under Design**
 - Markham Regional Water Treatment Plant Improvements
 - Yankee Lake WRF Upgrade Ph 2A
 - Residential Reclaimed Retrofits Ph 3 & 4



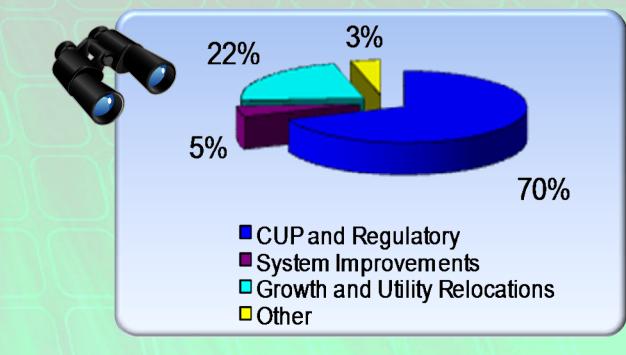
CIP Program is Forward-Looking

***** Reduction in construction costs:

 Construction prices on projects executed in FY 2008 – 2010 have benefitted from a competitive bidding market with an estimated \$24.9M in savings

Current CIP (FY 2010 – 2015) consists of 99 projects with capitalized expenditures of \$275 million

- Most urgent projects are CUP and Regulatory driven
- Does not include Potable Phase of Surface Water Supply Plant



System Capital Improvement Plan



Summary of CIP (FY ending September 30):

	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	Total
Water	\$64.64M	\$78.20M	\$16.53M	\$2.29M	\$1.05M	\$0.70M	\$163.41M
Sewer	\$34.04M	\$3.97M	\$6.40M	\$3.25M	\$3.77M	\$1.84M	\$53.27M
Reclaimed Water	\$36.60M	\$1.14M	\$17.63M	\$2.41M	\$0.08M	\$0.08M	\$57.94M
Total	\$135.28M	\$83.31M	\$40.56M	\$7.95M	\$4.90M	\$2.62M	\$274.62M

Major Projects to be funded by Series 2010 Bonds:

- Water Treatment Facility Upgrades (Disinfection By-Product Reduction)
 - Markham Regional Water Treatment Facility
 - Southeast Regional Water Treatment Facility
 - Country Club Water Treatment Facility
 - Lynwood Water Treatment Facility

CIP: Program Management Methods Ensure Successful CIP Planning

Program Manager: CH2M HILL (Since 2006)

★ 5-Year CIP Is Revalidated Each Year

- Full Review of Water & Sewer Capital Program Needs
- Scope and Cost Validation of All Active/Future Projects
- Reprioritization of Projects Based on Evaluation of Timing Requirements
- 2010 Validation (Began Oct 09)
 - Reprioritized Most Critical Needs
 - All Projects Ranked By Priority Top-To-Bottom
 - Moved Most Critical, Regulatory Driven Projects
 Forward...Deferred Less Urgent Projects

* Continual Change Management Process

- Disciplined Monitoring and Management of Developments During CIP Execution
- Ensures Adequate Review and Approval of Necessary Changes to Plan
- Provides Accurate Tracking of Contract Actions
- Program Able To Adapt To Changing Conditions/Priorities





IIIC. Water & Sewer System Financial Operations



Financial Operations: Residential Rate Comparison



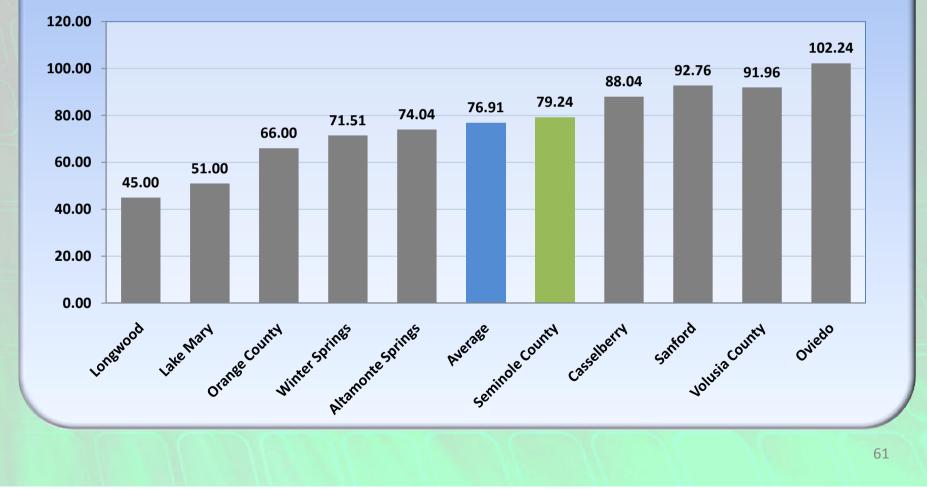
Monthly Bill Comparison 10,000 Gallons 2010 Rates



Financial Operations: Residential Rate Comparison

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Monthly Bill Comparison 10,000 Gallons 2011 Rates



Financial Operations: Adopted Rate Structure



6			WATER SERVICE CHARGES				
			2009		2010		2011
	Basic Service Charges	\$	9.03	\$	10.03	\$	11.14
			Volumetric Service Charges				
	0 to 10,000	\$	0.76	\$	0.85	\$	0.95
	10,001 to 15,000		1.25		1.40		1.56
	15,001 to 20,000		2.28		2.54		2.82
	20,001 to 30,000		3.68		4.10		4.56
	30,001 to 50,000		5.29		5.88		6.53
	50,001 - Over		7.18		7.97		8.85
			Volumetric-Irrigation				
	0 to 10,000	\$	1.25	\$	1.40		1.56
	10,001 to 20,000		2.28		2.54		2.82
	20,001 to 30,000		3.68		4.10		4.56
	30,001 to 50,000		5.29		5.88		6.53
	50,001 - Over		7.18		7.97		8.85
		14/7		~			
	Dania		STEWATER SERVICE CHAR		15.00	ć	17.00
	Basic	\$ \$	14.34	\$ \$	15.92	\$ \$	17.68 4.02
	Volumetric	Ş	3.26	Ş	3.62	Ş	4.02
			MIMED WATER SERVICE CH				
		REULA	Volumetric-Irrigation	ANGES			
	0 to 10,000	\$	0.50	\$	0.56		0.63
	10,001 to 20,000	Ļ	0.84	ې	0.94		1.05
	20,001 to 30,000		1.37		1.53		1.00
	Commercial	\$		\$		\$	
	30,001 to 50,000 50,001 - Over Commercial	\$	2.27 3.07 0.50	\$	2.52 3.41 0.56	\$	2.80 3.79 0.63

Financial Operations: *Historical Data*



Description	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Operating Revenues						
Charges for Service	\$ 30,377,569	\$ 31,918,866	\$ 34,316,364	\$ 40,024,287	\$ 39,035,418	\$ 39,636,557
Interest Earnings	1,350,144	1,555,510	2,650,455	3,528,556	2,602,172	1,664,133
Rate Stabilization Fund Adjustment	0	0	0	(2,900,000)	0	
Total Operating Income	\$ 31,727,713	\$ 33,474,376	\$ 36,966,819	\$ 40,652,843	\$ 41,637,590	\$ 41,300,690
Operating Expenses						
Salaries, Wages and Benefits	\$ 4,706,373	\$ 5,351,143	\$ 6,075,553	\$ 6,842,346	\$ 6,973,916	\$ 6,607,02
Contract Services, Materials and Supplies	12,620,025	14,524,019	15,521,700	16,326,426	17,207,794	16,152,90
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 17,326,398	\$ 19,875,162	\$ 21,597,253	\$ 23,168,772	\$ 24,181,710	\$ 22,759,92
Net Revenues	\$ 14,401,315	\$ 13,599,214	\$ 15,369,566	\$ 17,484,071	\$ 17,455,880	\$ 18,540,76
Connection Fees	\$ 6,045,103	\$ 9,046,182	\$ 4,310,841	\$ 4,749,686	\$ 2,909,553	1,686,73
Debt Service						
1992 Series	\$ 4,553,110	\$ 4,548,585	\$ 4,549,085	\$ 4,552,125	\$ 4,548,400	\$ 4,552,30
1999 Series	2,541,208	368,705	371,020	367,070	372,350	366,62
2005 Series	0	2,133,710	2,036,968	2,035,618	2,039,268	2,037,76
2006 Series	0	0	0	6,271,668	7,758,561	7,764,36
Total Debt Service	\$ 7,094,318	\$ 7,051,000	\$ 6,957,073	\$ 13,226,481	\$ 14,718,579	\$ 14,721,05
Net Revenues and Connection Fees	\$ 20,446,418	\$ 22,645,396	\$ 19,680,407	\$ 22,233,757	\$ 20,365,433	\$ 20,227,49
Available for Debt service						
Test 1 - Net Revenues Only (1.10x Required)	2.03	1.93	2.21	1.32	1.19	1.3
Test 2 - Net Revenues and Connection Fees (1.25x Required)	2.88	3.21	2.83	1.68	1.38	1.3

Financial Operations: *Projected Data*



	Description	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	Operating Revenues						
1	Charges for Service-Base	\$ 40,905,000	\$ 45,053,640	\$ 50,396,615	\$ 55,556,025	\$ 58,203,994	\$ 61,118,484
	Rate Index Adjustment	0	0	1,500,644	1,646,918	1,716,088	1,797,602
R	Rate Increase	3,902,200	\$ 4,967,814	3,000,000	0	0	0
	Interest Earnings	1,490,000	1,482,741	676,975	561,723	539,258	556,222
	Total Operating Income	\$ 46,297,200	\$ 51,504,195	\$ 55,574,234	\$ 57,764,666	\$ 60,459,341	\$ 63,472,309
	Operating Expenses						
	Salaries, Wages and Benefits	\$ 6,423,647	\$ 6,705,120	\$ 7,163,774	\$ 7,533,187	\$ 7,848,598	\$ 8,123,299
	Contract Services, Materials and Supplies	19,182,404	20,735,436	23,216,682	24,563,783	26,332,430	28,099,787
	Total Operating Expenses	\$ 25,606,051	\$ 27,440,556	\$ 30,380,456	\$ 32,096,970	\$ 34,181,028	\$ 36,223,086
	Net Revenues	\$ 20,691,149	\$ 24,063,639	\$ 25,193,778	\$ 25,667,696	\$ 26,278,312	\$ 27,249,223
	Water	140,000	142,100	144,232	146,756	149,691	152,684
	Wastewater	600,000	609,000	618,135	628,952	641,531	654,362
	Connection Fees	\$ 740,000	\$ 751,100	\$ 762,367	\$ 775,708	\$ 791,222	\$ 807,047
	Debt Service						
	1992 Series	\$ 4,550,400	\$ 4,552,400	\$ 4,552,400	\$ 4,552,400	\$ 4,552,400	\$ 4,552,400
	1999 Series	0	0				
	2005 Series	2,301,269	2,328,819	2,404,899	2,402,280	2,405,380	2,398,200
	2006 Series	7,864,761	7,839,961	7,760,161	7,765,786	7,761,061	7,766,201
	2010 Series	0	4,088,480	4,088,180	4,087,780	4,090,905	4,092,711
	2012 Series	0	0	404,775	1,214,325	1,214,325	1,214,325
	Total Debt Service	\$ 14,716,430	\$ 18,809,660	\$ 19,210,415	\$ 20,022,571	\$ 20,024,071	\$ 20,023,837
	Net Revenues and Connection Fees						
	Available for Debt service	\$ 21,431,149	\$ 24,814,739	\$ 25,956,145	\$ 26,443,404	\$ 27,069,535	\$ 28,056,269
	Test 1 - Net Revenues Only (1.10x Required)	1.41	1.28	1.31	1.28	1.31	1.36
	(Test 2 - Net Revenues and Connection Fees 1.25x Required)	1.46	1.32	1.35	1.32	1.35	1.40

Financial Operations: Outstanding Utility SEM Debt Service

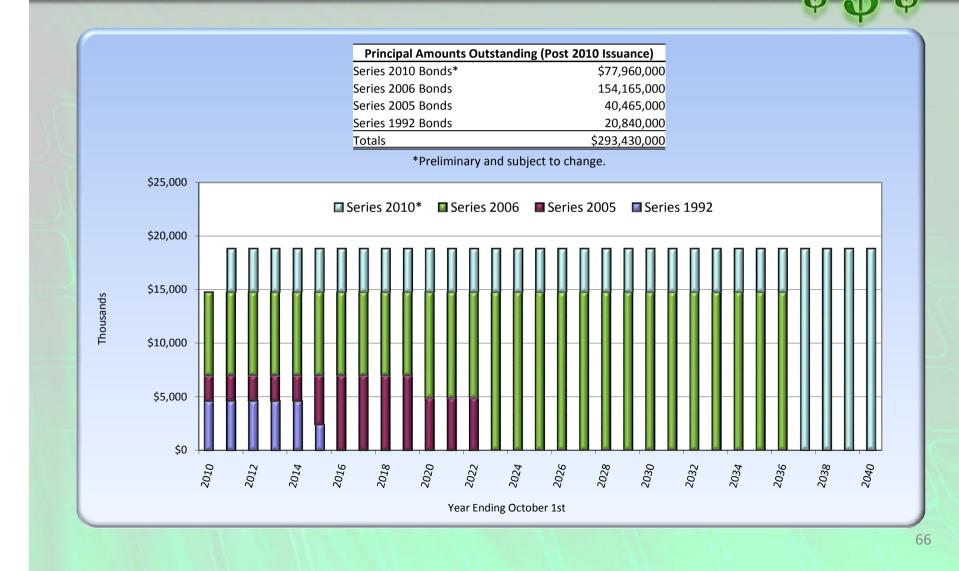


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Financial Operations: Post Series 2010

Financing

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IIID. Series 2010 Bonds Financing & Provisions



Series 2010 Revenue Bonds



Series 2010 Transaction Summary

Expected sale:	March 2010
Estimated Par Amount:	\$77,960,000
Final Maturity:	October 1, 2040
Construction Fund:	Net Funded
DSRF:	Cash Funded
Capitalized Interest:	Through September 30, 2010 only

Overview of Legal Provisions



Rate Covenant

- The County shall fix, establish, maintain and collect such Rates and revise the same from time to time, whenever necessary, as will always provide in each Fiscal Year:
 - Net Revenues and any applicable Special Assessment proceeds adequate to pay at least 110% of (1) the Current Annual Debt Service Requirement due in such fiscal year and amounts required in the Reserve Fund and (2) any amounts required to be paid to the Water and sewer Connections Fee Fund
 - Net Revenues, Special Assessment Proceeds, Water and sewer Connection Fees adequate to pay 125% of the Annual Debt Service requirement due in such Fiscal Year

Reserve Account Requirement

- Lesser of (1) Maximum Annual Debt Service or (2) 125% of Average Annual Debt Service or (3) another amount provided by the Supplemental Resolution
- The Series 2009 Reserve Requirement will be fulfilled with a cash deposit



Overview of Legal Provisions (cont'd)

Security

- Pledged funds are defined in accordance with the Resolution and include Net Revenues, Connection Fees, and may include Special Assessment Proceeds and any other funds specifically pledged by the County
 - Net Revenues are Gross Revenues less operating expenses
 - Gross Revenues do not include Government Grants, Connection Fees, Bond Proceeds, or moneys deposited from the Utility Reserve to the Rate Stabilization within 90 days following a Fiscal Year End which the County determines not to be Gross Revenues of such prior Fiscal Year



Financing Timetable



JANUARY						
S	Μ	Т	W	Т	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

FEBRUARY						
S	Μ	Т	W	Т	F	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28						

MARCH						
S	Μ	т	W	Т	F	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

	Task to Complete				
February 2	Meet with Rating Agencies				
February 12	Receive Ratings				
February 23	Authorizing Resolution Approved by the Board				
February 25	Print/Mail and Electronically Distribute POS				
March 2	Pricing/Marketing of the Series 2010 Bonds				
March 3	Execute Bond Purchase Agreement				
March 10	Print/Mail and Electronically Distribute Final OS				
March 16	Pre-Closing of Series 2010 transaction				
March 17	Closing of Series 2010 transaction				



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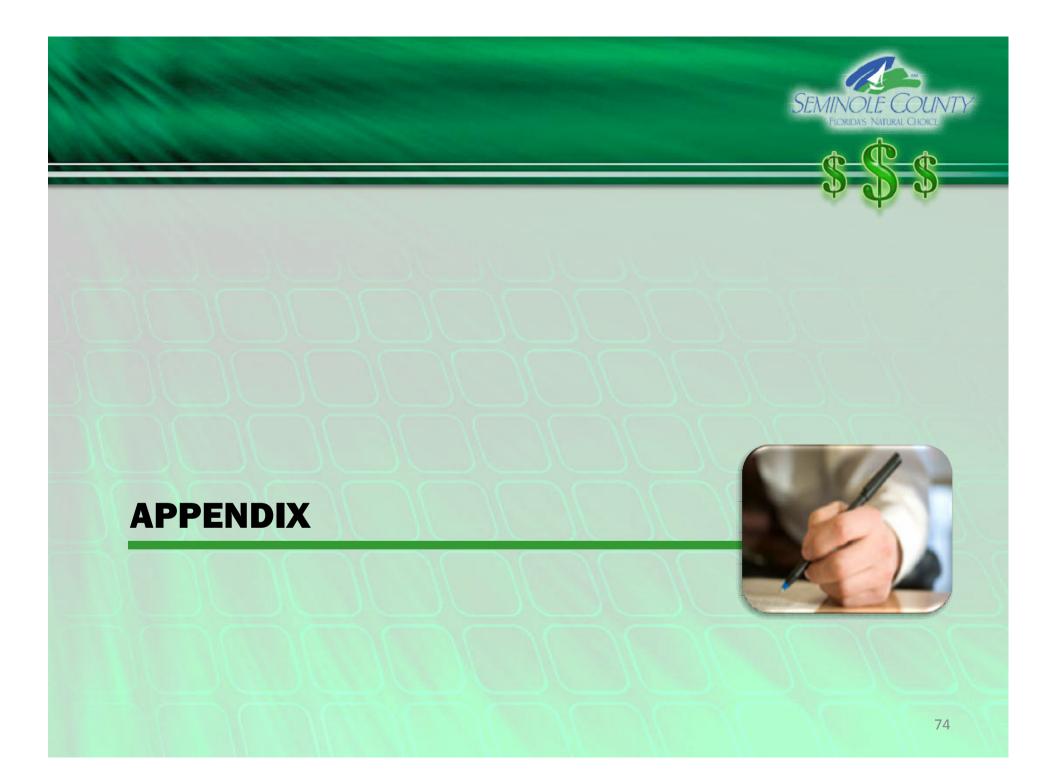
Closing Comments



- Seminole County's high quality credit is demonstrated by strengths in all key rating factors
 - ✓ Substantial, diversified economic base with well above average wealth indices
 - Conservative and pro-active financial management
 - ✓ Strong reserve policies and practices
 - ✓ Low debt levels

Water and Wastewater System Credit

- Highly diversified and economically stable customer base
- Good financial margins maintained through programmed rate adjustments
- Competitive rate structure
- Manageable capital plan and bonding needs



APPENDIX: Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) and Insurance

*** OPEB**

- Health insurance is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis
- Florida Statutes, Section 112.0801 requires the County to offer retired employees health insurance benefits
- Retired employees pay their entire health insurance premium without a subsidy from the County

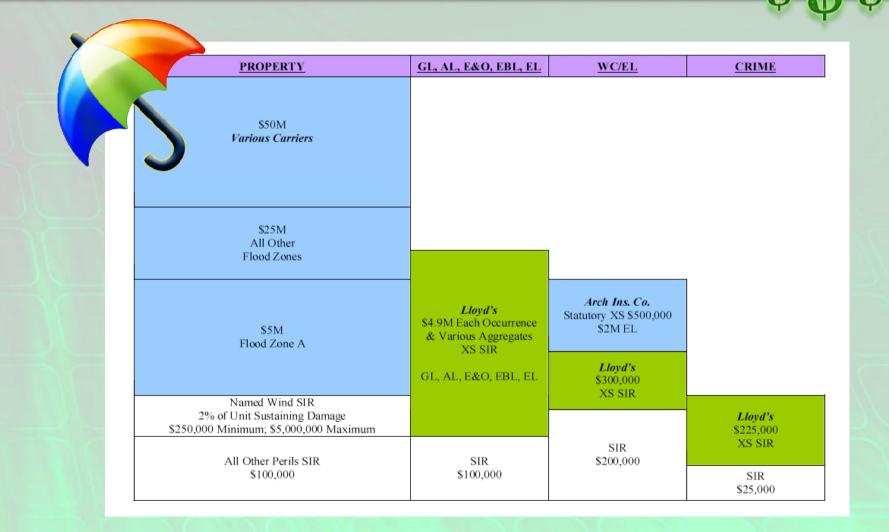


 Actuarially determined liability at 1/1/2008 is \$45M for the implicit rate subsidy of retiree coverage. This is based on the premises that the premiums the County pays for active employees is higher due to insurance company incorporating the costs of the older retired employees.

***** Property and Casualty Insurance

 County maintains a risk management program, whereby the County pays for property and automobile claims up to a certain threshold, and an Excess Insurance Carrier pays the amount above the threshold. See attached chart.

Self Insurance Program: Risk Management Proposal – January 1, 2010-2011



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